## JUazar

## Diode Module and Driver

#### **Replacement Parts**

LD80K Laser Module # D-213-6700 Each \$999.95 Eyewear # D-213-4600 Each \$199.95 aser Handpiece Replacement aser Supplies

Laser Tattoo Post Treatment Gel Carbon Dye # P-213-2500 Each \$99.95 Carbon Dye 200ml

Laser Capillary Post Treatment Gel Stock # P-216-2600 Each \$49.99 Stock # P-216-2500 Each \$49.99

Stock # P-216-2700 Each \$29.99

For technical assistance beyond what this manual provides, please e-mai Prices are subject to change without notification. To order on-line, go to http://www.centre-biotechnique-avance.com

admin1@centre-biotechnique-avance.com Please allow 24 hours for processing.

Quazar LD80K produces laser radiation which can be hamful to the eyes. Always wear protective eyewear while operating this equipment. Laser radiation has the capability to burn the skin if the technician does not closely observe the patient's reaction to the procedure. Laser electrolysis results in full destruction of the hair follicle and is irreversible. Always plan ahead before undertaking detail work such as eyebrow shaping or hairline contouring. Patch test a small area (no larger than 1X1 inch square) before full application. Allow 24 hours to determine the patient's reaction before applying full treatment.

charge. The following steps should be taken to reduce the risk of damage to the diode. **ESD Handling Precautions:** The laser module is extremely sensitive to electrostatic (ESD) dis-

Secure the laser accessory to the power system by tightening the exterior shroud (spanner nut) clockwise until it stops. If it is left unsecured, intermittent contact with the leads may

produce a damaging power surge.

Always transport (or store) the laser in an ESD protected pouch. hands can destroy the diode which would not be covered by warranty. Static discharges from the

Printed in UK UL8529001

## Quazar LD80K

Precision O.E.M. Laser Diode Module and Driver Unit Instruction Material for Quazar LD80K

## Quick Setup Guide

Read this guidebook first to set up your equipment for use



Keep this manual in a convenient place for quick and easy reference at all times.

or obligation. of providing superior equipment, Quazar Industries reserves the right to modify or amend equipment specifications without notice tered trade marks of each specific manufacturer. In the interest The product names in this guidebook are trademarks or regis-

#### Laser Hair Removal

traumatization' which targets living melanocytes or carbon dye in the follicle organ. laser radiation. The first of which being referred to as laser 'shaving'. The second is 'deep tissue There are currently two standard variations for the permanent removal of unwanted hair by way of

manently halted (providing they are a good candidate for the procedure, see below) average investment of treatments (quantitatively) is 10-12 applications before hair growth is perestablished at about 5% per treatment with the marginally inefficient 'laser shaving' method. The for the visit) 95% of their hair will return in about 6 weeks. Progressive permanency has been and smooth a few hours later. Unfortunately for the patient (who may have spent \$5,000 or more patient may walk into a laser hair removal office covered with unwanted hair then leave hairless Laser shaving has the distinct advantage of showing immediate cosmetic improvement. A new

patient has high levels of pigment in the dermis). As little as 10% of the original photon output reaches the papilla matrix to produce thermal damage to the live hair follicle itself. The fraction left over will be reflected and absorbed by the skin itself (especially in cases where the shaving are many. Most of the laser radiation is absorbed and blocked by the hair above the skin. The limitations for achieving permanent results in a prompt and expedient manner by way of

who prefer that particular method; however, for the purpose of efficacy and speed for permanent results this manual will focus primarily on the deep tissue traumatization method Laser shaving procedures are covered in this instruction booklet and may be used for those patients

thermal damage to the follicle. The deep tissue method requires that the hair be shaved prior to tissue depth occurs, which leaves very high levels of laser radiation at the precise areas to create reaction takes place on or above the surface of the skin). With the deep tissue method, a full 98% of the laser energy is passed through the epidermis (no The hair below the skin will remain as a target for the laser energy. Only 2-5% loss of energy per mm of

follicle shaft/carbon dye protocol is that laser radiation will not react with blond, red or grey hair growth. There simply is not enough pigment to create heat. By using carbon dye, the entire procpimple-like protrusions and, in some cases, infections. poorly absorbed by the immune system (sometimes taking months to disappear). damage to the follicle itself. The next advantage to the carbon dye method is that no hair debris Carbon dye has a 99.997% heat exchange conversion ratio. This produces far greater thermal Even black hair has only a 20-40% efficiency rating for the conversion of photon energy to heat. dye' protocol are substantial. Melanin in human hair is not an efficient receptor for laser energy. waxing. The empty follicle is then treated with a carbon based dye. The advantages of this `carbon A variation to this procedure requires the follicle organ to be removed from the skin by tweezing ess becomes controlled, highly efficient, and predictable (carbonized hair) is left in the skin. The 'burnt hair' is visible through the skin as a dark spot and is The third advantage to using the empty This can create

#### **Client Pre-Qualifications**

School The best candidate for laser hair removal has fair skin with dark terminal hairs. Skin typing for exposure to ultravio-let light can be categorized by the Fitzpatrick classification, developed by Dr. Thomas Fitzpatrick of Harvard Medical

Skin Type I: Never tans, always burns (extremely fair skin, blonde hair, blue/green eyes)

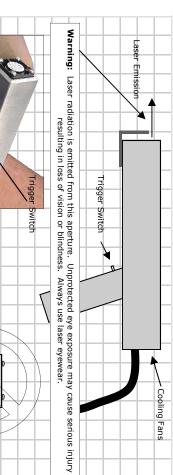
Skin Type II: Occasionally tans, usually burns (fair skin, sandy to brown hair, green/brown eyes) Skin Type III: Often tans, sometimes burns (medium skin, brown hair, brown eyes) Skin Type IV: Always tan, never burns (olive skin, brown/black hair, dark brown/black eyes)

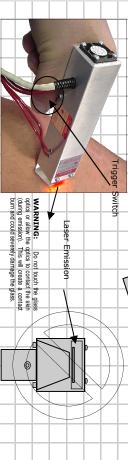
Skin Type VI: (black skin, black hair, black eyes) Skin Type V: Never burns (dark brown skin, black hair, black eyes)

Types 1 through 4 are outstanding candidates. Type 5 will have excellent results as well, but care must be taken to assure that the laser will not burn the skin. Type 6 should not undergo laser hair removal unless used in conjunction with skin bleaching due to the high risk of burning and hypo/hyper pigmentation issues.

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   Bencini PL, Luci A, Galimbert M, Fernanti G. Long-term epilation with long-pulsed neodimium: YAG laser. Dermatol Surg 1999; 25:175-8.
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   Luci A, Galimbert M, Fernanti G. Long-term epilation with long-pulsed neodimium: YAG laser. Dermatol Surg 1999; 25:175-8.
   Luci A, Galimbert M, Fernanti G. Long-term epilation with long-pulsed neodimium: AG laser. Dermatol Surg 1999; 25:175-8.
   Luci A, Galimbert M, Fernanti G. Long-term epilation with long-pulsed neodimium: AG laser. Dermatol Surg 1999; 25:175-8.
   Luci A, Galimbert M, Fernanti G. Long-term epilation with long-pulsed neodimium: AG laser. Dermatol Surg 1999; 25:175-8.
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### LD80K QCW Laser Instrument





connect the instrument with the driver unit may also damage the laser. components and would not be covered by warranty. Pinching or bending the fiber optic leads that to the equal span of time of cooling between pulses. advisable to activate the module in short bursts lasting no more than 1 second, while allowing tion) instrument for superior operator control. To prolong the life of your diode laser emitters it The LD80K comes with a high output 220jcm2/sec. adjustable pulse frequency (fixed pulse dura-Dropping or bumping the instrument may result in irreversible damage to the internal laser crystals. The gallium arsenide laser diodes (emitters) are located inside the hand This will prevent overheating and potential damage an ᇟ.

to comply will void warranty. for more than 1 second at a time. The diodes will overheat and may burn out. Failure WARNING: Do not operate the laser on full power (setting 5) and full pulse (setting 5)

#### Trouble Shooting

Should you encounter technical problems with your Quazar LD80K Laser system, refer to the following guide for potential problems and

- –Unit is plugged into the wall, all accessories are correctly inserted into the unit but no laser output is being registered. ++Check all connections. Plug and unplug each one being sure all confarts איים ביייוחים

- ++Check all cords. Due to continual bending and fatigue, wires may fray or break resulting is full loss of power.
  ++Check Fuse: The Quazar unit has a fast-acting fuse mounted inside your unit to protect the delicate laser diode from voltage spikes, on-line power surges and electro-static discharge (ESD damage). Replace with 1.5 amp fast acting type only. Failure to comply with these specifications may result in serious damage to your laser and will void all warranties.
- Unit clicks or makes noises. normal. No service is required.
- Laser output is weak
- ++Emitter output nodules are blocked with carbonized debris (burnt hair etc.). Clean thoroughly with a cotton tipped applicator and alcohol. If the performance of the laser does not improve after cleaning the head your unit needs servicing by a qualified agent. Contact output nodules are blocked with carbonized debris (burnt hair etc.).
- No output from the laser is registered after all trouble-shooting suggestions listed above have been checked ++Probable diode failure. Unit needs servicing.



—Output Meter Jumps Up and Down.
++Pulse frequency is set too high for the digital meter to accurately gauge the draw current. This has no serious repercussions for the performance of the system and should be ignored. The accurate values will be given when the laser is not pulsing (in the enabled position).

### igital LED Emission Meter

The meter may need re-calibration by adjusting the on-board potentiometer. full scale reading (F.S.R.) of the meter. Two resistors, Ra and Rb may be used in order to alter the

Specification Min Typ.	M 5	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Reading	Setting	Jcm2
Accuracy		0.05	0.1	%(+1 count)			
Linearity			+1	count			
Sample rate		3		Samples/sec			
Op. temp	0	50		°C			
Temp. Stbl.		150		Ppm/°C			

### Laser Startup Procedure

### Put on your laser eyewear before powering up your system. Wear the eye protection throughout the entire procedure.

:seconds by using the table on the last page of this pamphlet Turn the key lockout switch from system status green (neutral) to sysindicator will need to be converted to joules per centimeter squared/ show the available power for the operation of the laser. The emission tem status red (enabled). At this time your digital power readout will

Key Lock Swit

- ? Adjust the pulse frequency to the desired level. switch Activate the laser pulse (turn to 'enabled'). The red LED will begin to flash which indicated that your laser is 'live'. By pressing the thumb on the hand piece you will be delivering pulses of laser radiation.
- Set power level for treatment. It is recommended to start out on setting
- Set your pulse frequency to setting 4 (which is ideal for laser epilation).

## Calibration and Measuring Laser Output Fluence

Red 'Enabled'

power output (the pulses can be too fast to measure). For accurate gauging of power you must convert the digital panel meter numbers to joules. A table with your system's certified calibration is included in this booklet While in pulse mode, the digital meter may not give accurate readings of



Available Power

tion occurs, check power setting. evident which will ignite the test pad producing vapor and smoke. for a brief duration (1 second or less). A series of brilliant laser flashes will be cluded with your instruction material. With the power setting on 5, place the laser head on the black test sheet in-Press the trigger switch in pulse mode If no reac-

If you have no laser test sheet you may use a clear balloon with a black laser your unit is in need of service balloon to burst. Should either of these tests result in poor performance of the of a quarter. First inflate the balloon then make a round black mark the size When the laser beam strikes the black mark it will cause the

**Pulse Switch** 

Pulse Mode 5 and Diode Overheating





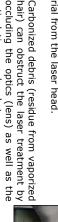
the laser which would not be covered by warranty arsenide crystals, resulting in loss of intensity, performance, life expectancy of Pushing the laser beyond the limits of performance will damage the gallium 1 second with a 1 second wait before the next emission are best on setting 5. settings (#5) in LP mode may lead to excessive heat build up. Short bursts of overheating While using this laser in pulse mode on settings 1-4, there is little chance (which could lead to diode failure). However; using high power



quently. Clean the

Laser Head Maintenance

For more aggressive



Always use caution when turning on and/or operating this system. laser is very powerful and can cause serious eye or skin injury hair) can obstruct the laser treatment by occluding the optics (lens) as well as the articulating arm bracket.

The

#### Laser Resurfacing

Laser resurfacing is performed using a beam of laser energy which vaporizes the upper layers of damaged skin at specific and controlled levels of penetration. The procecrodermabrasion, the laser penetrates deeply into the dermis where proprecisely the right amount of radiation to produce safe and effective revery unpredictable and dangerous while lasers can be dialed in to deliver motion of collagen proteins can be stimulated. Chemical peels can be dure offers many advantages which others do not have. Unlike 



dermis and papillary dermis. For deeper resurfacing, the upper levels of For superficial or medium resurfacing, the laser can be limited to the epi-

ment of specific spots or wrinkles. the reticulas dermis can also be removed. Varied penetration allows treat-

ficial laser resurfacing, offer shorter recovery times. However, these lighter procedures may need to be repeated multiple times to achieve results comparable to those achieved with more aggressive recovery is likely to be. "Light" resurfacing procedures, such as superficial chemical peels or superalternatives. In general, the more aggressive the resurfacing procedure is, the more prolonged the It's also important to consider the length of recovery when choosing among the skin-resurfacing



Treatment of additional skin afflictions such as Rosacea, Fine Wrinkles, Sun Damaged Skin, Acne Scars, Scars from CO2-laser resurfacing, Age Spots, Large Pores, Acne Prone Skin.

As the laser goes over the dermis, vascular spaces with hemoglobin in



Ideal Distance for Treatment: 1/4 inch from the skin and stimulating the fibroblasts to produce type 1 collagen and dermal them absorb the laser energy thereby heating the surrounding tissue the upper dermis, resulting in NEW collagen formation. proteins. The treatment rearranges and/or replaces the solar elastosis in

refreshed and rejuvenated What used to be loose, irregular collagen in the dermis is now tighter, The benefits of each Diode Laser treatment over all other skin rejuvena-

treats all types of skin. hances your own collagen growth, produces more dermal proteins and discomfort, immediate results after 1 - 2 treatments, affordable, ention procedures include: Low downtime, non-surgical, little pain and

#### Treatment Procedure: Resurfacing and Wrinkle Reduction

Correct Hand Position for Deliver 1 second pulses of approximately 130 to 180 joules to each area of 1 cm square. Be very systematic and thorough, but resist the temptation to over treat. verely burn the skin. Applying more than 180 joules per cm2 may se-



old female after 6 treatments

Treatments.



depending on the level of dermal trauma the patient experience and their rate of healing. your patient back in for a follow up in 48 hours. Additional treatments may be applied in 2-4 weeks formula contains benzocaine, aloe and glycolic acid, which produces a very mild chemical peel. Call page of pamphlet for ordering information). This

if used incorrectly.

### Treatment Procedure: Rosacea

cm2 may severely burn the skin. atic and thorough but resist the temptation to over treat. Applying more than 180 joules per Deliver 1 second pulses of approximately 130 joules to each area of 1 cm square. Be very system-

require more treatments overall than most other improvement achieved with 16 treatments over 18 year old Figure 1 shows severe late stage Rosacea of a 70 Spider veins and enlarged capillaries Figure 2 shows the substantial





ies (reducing the recurrence of future Rosacea) by strengthening the capillary walls. This formula contains activated phylloquinone, which supports healthy regeneration of new capillar-Apply `Laser Capillary Gel Post Treatment' (see back page of pamphlet for ordering information).

## Treatment Procedure: Age Spots

effective for this affliction. stopped. It is most common in the elderly but occurs in all ages. Laser treatments are remarkably darken (proliferate) with exposure to sun, but will also fade over 4-6 weeks when the exposure is This condition is caused by melanin deposits in the skin which do not fade. Normal melanin will

went 6 treatments over 4 months. regression of the skin disorder. improvement in figure 4 showing nearly complete age spot activity on a 67 year old female. dent after 4-6 weeks. age spots (also known as 'liver spots') will be evijoules to each area of 1 cm square. Deliver 1 second pulses of approximately 130 Figure 3 shows moderate This patient under-Fading of the Note the





Apply the 'Laser Post Treatment Aloe' which contains benzocaine. duce any discomfort associated with the laser treatment. This will speed healing and re-

## Treatment Procedure: Scars and Lesions

surgical procedures. severe scarring exists). gen proteins in the skin with laser radiation. This condition can be caused by any trauma to the skin from acne, sun burn, cuts, scrapes and To reduce the appearance of the scar, it will be necessary to rebuild the colla-It may take 15-20 treatments over 12-24 months to achieve desired This process is extensive (especially in cases where re-

more than 180 joules per cm2 may severely burn the to each area of 1 cm square. Deliver 1 second pulses of approximately 130 joules Remember, applying





to improve. In figure 6, the appearance of the scars (including the pock) has improved 90% ring which was left over from teenage puberty. There are very deep pocks, which are the hardest Figure 5 shows a 28 year old female with acne scar-

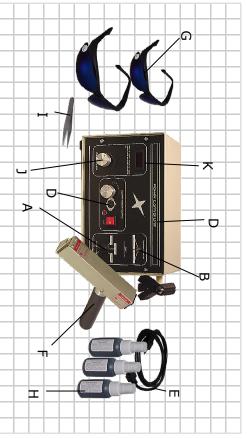
duce any discomfort associated with the laser treatment. Apply the `Laser Post Treatment Aloe' which contains benzocaine. This will speed healing and Ę.

see the back page of this pamphlet. gel formulations which can aid in the management of discomfort associated with laser treatments, For a list of laser hair, tattoo, age spot and scar removal as well as general dermatology treatment

radiation (even through the eye lid) can permanently injure the eyes up to and including Treatment around the eyes must be done with adequate protection. Exposure to laser

laser treatments for dermatology purposes are rated by 'improvement' and not by 'cure'. Many skin conditions such as Rosacea may return and require future treatments to be controlled. Advise your patient to expect improvement but caution them as to which degree of improvement they will be able to achieve. Photos are for example purposes only and may not indicate results which will be achieved on every patient. Medical

## LD80K Control Locations/Feature Descriptions



- ⋗ special key included in your kit. step in the correct sequence to power-up your laser is to turn this lock clockwise using Key Lockout: This feature is required by law on all high-power laser devices. The first power system is off and red when the power system is on. The light (center LED lamp) will be green when the the
- œ System Status LED: neutral and red is live. This light will indicate system status (neutral or live). Green
- шÖÜ Pulse Control: This allows the operator to set the number of laser pulses per second
- Power Cord: Laser Jack: An eight-prong coaxial power jack for the diode laser hand piece Rated for 60Hz, 120-240 V, 10 Amp with corresponding plug-style for
- switch. country of destination. Laser Instrument: A single emitter 220jcm2 high intensity pulsed laser with thumb
- Ö protective eyewear while the laser is enabled or activated. Eyewear is intended for **acci**dental exposure only. Never stare directly into a laser beam. radiation can seriously injure the eye. Both the technician and the patient must use **Eyewear:** This is an essential part of the treatment process. Direct or reflective laser
- ェ deeply into the follicle shaft. of the hair follicle organ. it into heat for the rapid and efficient cauterization of tissue for the permanent destruction deeply into the follicle shaft. The dye adds pigment which gives a receptor for the photon/heat exchange reaction. The carbon atoms will capture the laser energy and convert Carbon Dye: This is an 'atomized' form of molecular carbon which easily penetrates
- High-Precision Tweezers: Apparatus for the extraction of follicle prior to carbon dye
- range from 0-5. Intensity Dial: Control feature for the regulated output of the laser module. Settings
- last page of this pamphlet for conversion to Jcm2 Emission Indicator: Panel-mount digital display showing available current. Refer to the

<u>.</u>

#### **Equipment Warranty**

manship under normal use and service. Our obligation under this warranty shall be limited to the repair or exchange of any part or parts which may prove defective under normal use and service within 12 calendar months from the date of shipment and which our examination shall disclose to our satisfaction to be thus defective. When necessary, purchaser shall apply for a Return Materials Authorization and instructions on proper return procedures from their original sales associate. The laser diode (head) requires special operating precautions which, if defied, may void warranty. We warrant to the original purchaser the equipm ent manufactured by us to be free from defects in material and work

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### **Laser Diode Tattoo Removal**

applicator. This is will remove the outer layers of the epidermis which will allow for greater penetration of the laser radiation To begin the process it will be necessary for you to scrub the skin over the tattoo with an abrasive

also be permanently damaged by the radiation which may not be desirable to your patient Using a depilatory wax or epilation paper, remove all hair from the tattoo area. Hair growth will block some of the laser radiation from entering the tattoo. Follicles in the skin of the tattoo will

### The Treatment Procedure

Deliver 1/2 to 1 second pulses (approximately  $130 ext{-}180$  joules) to each area of 1 cm square emitter side down (in contact with the skin) on top of the tattoo as shown in figure 4. Carefully power up your laser (see page 4). Dial in full intensity on high pulse frequency. Place the

(depending on color). Be very systematic and thorough, but resist the temptation to over treat









Applying more than 180 joules per cm2 may severely burn the skin. Black ink can be successfully treated with 100 jcm2. Blue and green normally requires 120 jcm2, and red requires up to 180.

5,000 joules pulses of The example tattoo second at right required each for a total - 51

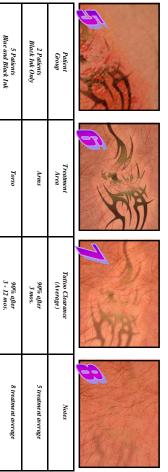
following the procedure. some burning in the minutes and hours be quite common for the patient to feel desensitizing compound benzocaine it will ted. important step which should not be omittattoo and Apply the post treatment cooling gel to the Although the gel does contain the allow to dry. This This is quite is a very

12

normal. If the patient requests extra relief, apply a cold pack as needed

1-3 days following treatment. In picture number 6 and 7, you can see some fading of the tattoo, but also a mild form of hypo pigmentation (loss of the patient's natural skin color). This condition is temporary and will subside as the melanin regenerates with natural healing. In picture number 5, you can see some of the redness, swelling and scabbing which may show up

to stay committed and motivated as the process requires a substantial investment of time. tures of your patient's treatment areas to show them the steady improvement. This will help them This particular tattoo required 6 treatments over 7 months. It is always a good idea to take pic-In picture number 7, you can see that the tattoo has faded to a point where it is not recognizable



## **Always Patch Test Your Client First**

ing their initial consultation. Apply 3 pulses on setting 5 to a single area (stationary exposure). Before administering full treatment to any patient you must do a patch test. The best time is durtionary exposure). To

a condition of persons who have black skin (Fitzpatrick level 5 and 6) patient (distinct swelling and trauma to the skin will show) they are not suitable for laser epilation or laser procedures of any kind. This is generally apply single pulses set your pulse frequency on 1. If this test burns the



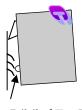
## Treatment Variation 1: Deep Trauma on Shaved Hair

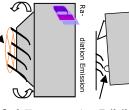
ing the efficiency of the device. hair, or dead skin, the laser radiation may become blocked, thereby reducapplication. This leaves the follicle intact, which provides a target for the laser radiation. With this procedure, the hair is actually shaved by a razor prior to laser 100% of the radiation to be sent deeply inside the tissue. The skin must be thoroughly cleaned to allow for nearly If there is dirt,

Place the laser head on the skin as shown in figure 'a' (with the brass focal tip touching the treatment area). Activate the laser on pulse setting  $4\ (7)$ rate of 1/2 inch per second. pulses per second) while intensity is set at 5. Scan the treatment area



Radiation Emission Zone

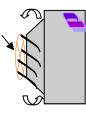




## Laser Treatment Procedure 2: Laser Shaving

emission output resulting in loss of photon intensity. Should vaporized hair build up on the laser head, use isopropyl alcohol on a cotton swab to clear. the hair is too long it will create debris which will block and obstruct the To shave the skin with a high power laser, trim the hair to 1/4 inch or so.

setting 4 (7 pulses per second) while intensity is set at 5. Scan the treatment area at a rate of 1/2 inch per second. should be at a 85 degree angle to the surface. Activate the laser on pulse hair dye) will improve the heat exchange reaction. from the laser. In these cases, the use of carbon dye on the hair (or a dark coarse dark hair growth. Finer and lighter hair may not completely vaporize Place the laser head on the skin as shown to the left in figures `b' and `c' and The brass tip should be in contact with the skin and the hand piece This procedure works well on



## Treatment Variation 3: Deep Trauma by Carbon Dye

Before applying treatment, remove all hair from the area by tweezing or waxing. Refer to pictures 1-5 below for proper technique for waxing and carbon dye application.

dye inside the follicle prior to treatment. cauterize, Human hair simply does not normally have enough pigment to allow for sufficient heat exchange to Using a cotton-tipped applicator, completely cover the treatment area with the special dye included 'quantitative' and 'qualitative' photon targets, it will be necessary to place a high-density carbon desiccate and necrotize the cells which produce hair. Laser hair removal is most effective when applied to an empty follicle shaft. To compensate for this lack of













above) and are ready to power up your laser for treatment. 3 times to saturate the follicle pore. Use an ethyl alcohol based wipe to have all desired follicles visibly highlighted with a dark spot (as seen lightly clean the excess from the surface of the skin. At this point you will

touching the treatment area). rate of 1/2 inch per second. Move the laser and repeat. pulses per second) while intensity is set at 5. Scan the treatment area at a Place the laser head on the skin as shown in figure (with the focal arm Activate the laser on pulse setting 4 (7





#### Treatment Efficacy

should look like from 30, 60, and 90 days of treatments. treated. of the follicle tissues. Permanent hair removal is a gradual process which takes 90 days or more for complete destruction The following chart will give you an accurate example of what the reduction in growth activity Generally, it is only during the *early anagen* phase that it is vulnerable to destruction. Each hair must go through its entire growth cycle for it to be effectively



# Important Considerations for Safe Laser Hair Removal Treatment

**Treatment Around or Near the Eyes:** Great care must be exercised when working near the eyes. The laser emission is powerful enough to actually penetrate the eyelid and permanently damage the eye. Having the patient close their eyes is not satisfactory protection. The use of a dark-colored damp wash cloth

tive eyewear is recommended which is folded over four times will deflect the harmful radiation; however, only laser protec-

find the process uncomfortable without a topical desensitizing spray. pubic regions including the reproductive organs of both sexes. Care must be taken into consideration in these areas due to the increased level of neural sensitivity. The patient may gether **Treatment Around or Near the Genitals**: Laser hair removal is safe for application to the

tissues inside the nose and ear canal. Treatment should be avoided in these areas alto-

Treatment Around or Near Mucus Membranes: Laser radiation will severely damage the

on hair growth which occurs from the areola of both sexes. Treatment Around or Near the Areola (nipple): Laser hair removal is safe and effective

sity. show signs of excess scabbing you may wish to reduce the overall treatment time or intenerythmia (reddening) which will subside within 12-24 hours. Should the treatment area The skin surrounding the treatment area will experience short-term

before

cosmetics or sunbathing for at least 24 hours. aged to speed healing and reduce sensitivity. Instruct the patient to refrain from applying The application of a post-treatment cooling and healing gel (such as Aloe) is encour-

use of lasers to destroy capillaries in the skin is quite common (for spider veins, port wine skin tissue. ages the hair follicle tissues. This laser radiation also will have mild effects on capillaries and **Over Treatment:** Each laser pulse sends photon 'bundles' deep into the skin where it dam-If too many laser pulses are administered the capillary network will begin to This will create a bruise which will take several days to subside. Although the

rule of thumb is to patch test the skin with 3 pulses (on full before capillary breakdown (bruising) occurs. ment how many laser pulses each patient can withstand that reason the technician should carefully test and docuas outlined for hair removal to damage other tissues. stains, birth marks etc), it is not the intent of this treatment The general

after

the energy through the exact same entry points. cian should make a small circular motion with the laser head to avoid sending all minister the full treatment. It is not recommended to deliver more than 20 pulses to one stationary area at a time. If more than 10 pulses are delivered the technioffice in 24 hours to observe the reaction. If there is no burning or bruising, adpower) then send the patient home. Have them back in the

too much radiation in one session resulting in tissue trauma and blistering. less is more' philosophy. It is far safer to have the patient come back for additional treatments than to administer This laser can cause serious burns to the skin. All technicians should adopt the

Patient #		hair counts		12 week clearance
1 females, 2 males	pre	post	number of treatments	s percent
#1: laser shave procedure	274	9	12	97%
#2: deep tissue with hair	327	19	8	94%
#3: deep tissue with dye	187	2	6	99%
Emitting wavelength	(810 ± 10) nm	Classification: IV	Fluence	1301/cm2 max
Output power Use	User-adjustable 0 to 220 Joules	Designation: OEM		400
Generation modes	LP/CW	Manufacturer: Quazar Industries,	Energy Instability	19% maximum
Beam characteristic	Semiconductor Diode	OK Warranty: 1 Year	Safety goggles	OD 8.0 @ 700-1000nm @ 2W CW (minimum) suggested.
Pulse duration	Manual Adjust	Emission Indicator: Yes	Electrical requirements	100/120 VAC, 50/60 Hz nominal, 1.0 A max. 220 or 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz nominal, 1.2 A max.
Weight	15 kg max	Key Lock: Yes	Ambient operating	Jour 4 Jour
Optics	None	Beam Shutter: No	temperature	10°C to 30°C
Dimensions	170 x 500 x 370 mm	21 CFR 1040, IEC 825-1:1993: No	Ambient storage temperature	-25°C to 70°C

### Laser Diode Tattoo Removal

mentally to remove the pigment with encouraging success rates. By the 90's they were producing ture it into tiny pieces which are then removed from the skin by your immune system. very consistent and reliable results. Surprisingly, lasers do not actually burn the ink out; they frachad no viable (and safe) options available to them. In the mid 1980's lasers had been used experi-Nearly 1/2 of all people with tattoos eventually want them removed. Until recently these people

needed to treat a tattoo 10-20 times. amount and type of ink used and the depth of the ink in the skin. Occasionally technicians have treatments, On average, professional tattoos require 5-6 treatments, while amateur tattoos may require spaced approximately 2-4 weeks apart. The number of treatments depends on the

should be assessed for this quote ally costs \$135 for the 1st square inch and \$25 for each additional inch. If more than one tattoo is What should I charge for the procedure? The fee depends on the size of each tattoo, and how being treated at the same time, you may offer pricing alternatives. A consultation fee of \$40-\$60 many treatments it takes to lighten or remove it to your satisfaction. Each tattoo treatment gener-

eral months so you can space the treatments farther apart but not closer than 2 weeks. order to prevent infection and to get the best possible healing results. The tattoo will then gradually the treated area may blister, swell, crust, scab, or bleed slightly. Care for the treated area daily on. A numbing cream should be applied an hour or two before the procedure. After the procedure fade for 2-4 weeks when it can be treated again. You may see additional fading for as long as sev-What will the treatment be like? It is less painful to have a tattoo removed than getting it put

## Important Considerations for Safe Laser Tattoo Treatment

moval is destruction of hair follicles. If your client would like a tattoo removed from an area aggressive depilatory wax is best. If the follicle is removed there will be far less damage to which there is wanted hair growth, manually extract all follicles before treatment. **Treatment on Skin with Hair Growth:** One of the major side effects of diode laser tattoo repapilla cells which produce growth. The hair follicle unit will regenerate in 4-6 weeks. an

comfortable without a topical desensitizing spray. these areas due to the increased level of neural sensitivity. The patient may find the process unregions including the reproductive organs of both sexes. Care must be taken into consideration **Treatment Around or Near the Genitals:** Laser tattoo removal is safe for application to the pubic

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wash cloth which is folded over four times will deflect the harmful radiation; however, only laser protective eyewear is exercised when working near the eyes. The laser emission is recommended. not satisfactory protection. The use of a dark-colored damp nently damage the eye. Having the patient close their eyes is powerful enough to actually penetrate the eyelid and perma-Treatment Around or Near the Eyes: Great care must be

treatment cooling and healing gel (such as Aloe) is encourtreatment time or intensity. signs of excess scabbing you may wish to reduce the overall subside within 12-24 hours. Should the treatment area show at least 24 hours. aged to speed healing and reduce sensitivity. Instruct the will experience short-term erythmia (reddening) which will Post-Treatment: The skin surrounding the treatment area patient to refrain from applying cosmetics or sunbathing The application of a post-

tions of Selective Photothermolysis", Skin & Aging, January, 1998.
Lask, Gary, MD, Elman, Monica, MD, Salakine, Michael, PhD, Waldman, Amir, PhD,
Rozenberg, Zvi, PhD, "Lase-Assisted Hair Removal by Selective Photothermolysis:
Preliminary Results", the American Society for Dermatology Surgery, 1997. Mark S., MD, PhD, "Laser Hair Removal: Clinical Results and Practical Applica





<sup>-</sup>Black ink absorbs all wavelengths of light and responds very well to diode laser treatments. -Green and Blue ink absorbs 670-890nm light best and responds very well to diode laser treatments. Red, Orange, and Purple inks absorb 500-700nm light best and will only show marginal improvement with-

diode laser treatments. Turquoise responds variably, depending on the pigments in the ink.

rellow tends to reflect light and does not respond well to diode laser treatments